

## RELATIONS BETWEEN ALTITUDES

$hs$  : altitude measured with sextant  
 $ha$  :  $hs$  corrected for 'IE' and 'dip'  
 used to enter Altitude Correction Tables  
 $ho$  : observed altitude after corrections

$$Ha = Hs + IC + DIP$$

$$Ho = Ha + \text{Altitude Correction}$$

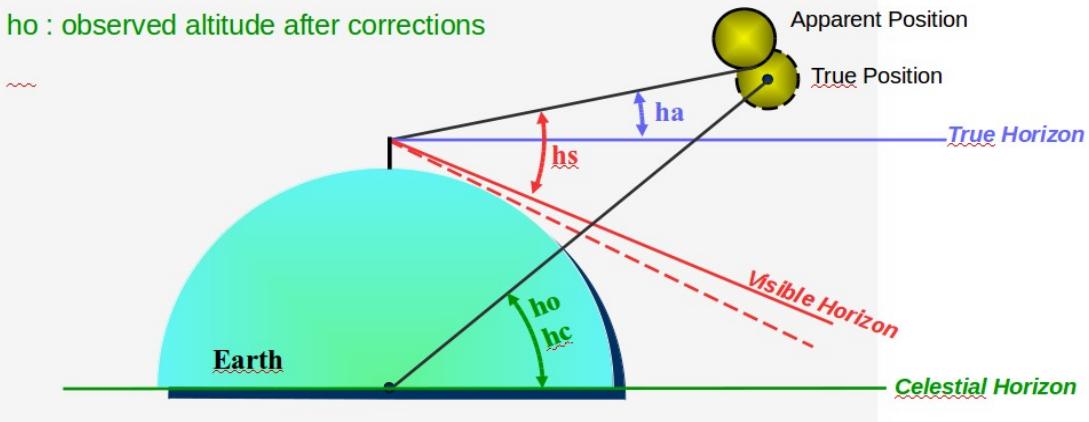


Illustration 1: Observed, apparent and sextant altitude

The Dip and altitude correction are read in Nautical Almanac

An error or a correction are told to be :

- on the arc when positive ;
- off the arc when negative.

### Be carefull:

We will use the UK/USA definition of altitudes (as described on the illustration) ; the asian and french definitions differ a little from this.

## THE CORRECTIONS TABLES IN NAUTICAL ALMANAC

### Dip table (at the front of the NA)

DIP		
Ht. of Corr <sup>b</sup> Eye	Ht. of Eye	Ht. of Corr <sup>a</sup> Eye
m	'	ft.
2.4	-2.8	8.0
2.6	-2.9	8.6
2.8	-3.0	9.2
3.0	-3.1	9.8
3.2	-3.2	10.5
3.4	-3.3	11.2
3.6	-3.4	11.9
3.8	-3.4	12.6
4.0	-3.5	13.3
4.3	-3.7	14.1
4.5	-3.8	14.9
4.7	-3.9	15.7
5.0	-4.0	16.5
5.2	-4.1	17.4
5.5	-4.2	18.3
5.8	-4.2	19.1
6.1	-4.3	20.1
6.3	-4.4	21.0
6.6	-4.5	22.0
6.9	-4.6	22.9
7.2	-4.7	23.9
7.5	-4.8	24.9
7.9	-4.9	26.0
8.2	-5.0	27.1
8.5	-5.1	28.1
8.8	-5.2	29.2

$$Ha = Hs + IC + \text{Dip}$$

- “Dip Table”
- DO NOT require interpolation
- Extreme right-hand column of “Dip Table” correction (less than 8ft or greater than 70ft)
- DOES require interpolation

To obtain the dip, you need the height of the eye

Illustration 2: Dip table

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## The main altitude correction tables

The Altitude Correction Tables in the Nautical Almanac give the combined correction for refraction, semi-diameter and parallax under standard atmosphere conditions, where atmospheric pressure is 1010mb (29.5 ins) and temperature is 10 °C (50 °F). So, additional correction is required for refraction if atmospheric conditions are different.

ALTITUDE CORRECTION TABLES 10°-90°—SUN, STARS, PLANETS																
OCT.—MAR. SUN APR.—SEPT.				STARS AND PLANETS				DIP								
App.	Lower	Upper	Alt.	App.	Lower	Upper	Alt.	App.	Additional	Alt.	Corr <sup>n</sup>	Ht. of Eye	Corr <sup>n</sup>	Ht. of Eye	Corr <sup>n</sup>	Ht. of Eye
Alt.	Limb	Limb	Alt.	Alt.	Limb	Limb	Alt.	Alt.	Corr <sup>n</sup>	Alt.		m	ft.	m	'	
°	'	'	'	°	'	'	'	2004				2·4	8·0	1·0	—	1·8
9 33	+10·8	-21·5		9 39	+10·6	-21·2		VENUS				2·6	-2·8	8·6	1·5	-2·2
9 45	+10·9	-21·4		9 50	+10·7	-21·1		10 07	-5·2	Jan. 1–Feb. 22		2·8	-2·9	9·2	2·0	-2·5
9 56	+11·0	-21·3		10 02	+10·8	-21·0		10 20	-5·1	Sept. 23–Dec. 31		3·0	-3·0	9·8	2·5	-2·8
10 08	+11·1	-21·2		10 14	+10·9	-20·9		10 32	-5·0		°	3·2	-3·1	10·5	3·0	-3·0
10 20	+11·2	-21·1		10 27	+11·0	-20·8		10 46	-4·9		0	3·4	-3·2	11·2		
10 33	+11·3	-21·0		10 40	+11·1	-20·7		10 59	-4·8		60 +0·1	3·6	-3·3	11·9	See table	
10 46	+11·4	-20·9		10 53	+11·2	-20·6		11 14	-4·7	Feb. 23–Apr. 14		3·8	-3·4	12·6		↔
11 00	+11·5	-20·8		11 07	+11·3	-20·5		11 29	-4·6	Aug. 3–Sept. 22		4·0	-3·5	13·3	m	'
11 15	+11·6	-20·7		11 22	+11·4	-20·4		11 44	-4·5		°	4·3	-3·6	14·1	20	-7·9
11 30	+11·7	-20·6		11 37	+11·5	-20·3		12 00	-4·5		0	4·5	-3·7	14·9	22	-8·3
11 45	+11·8	-20·5		11 53	+11·6	-20·2		12 17	-4·4		41 +0·2	4·7	-3·8	15·7	24	-8·6
12 01	+11·9	-20·4		12 10	+11·7	-20·1		12 35	-4·2	Apr. 15–May 7		5·0	-3·9	16·5	26	-9·0
12 18	+12·0	-20·3		12 27	+11·8	-20·0		12 53	-4·1	July 11–Aug. 2		5·2	-4·0	17·4	28	-9·3
12 36	+12·1	-20·2		12 45	+11·9	-19·9		13 12	-4·0		°	5·5	-4·1	18·3		
12 54	+12·2	-20·1		13 04	+12·0	-19·8		13 32	-3·9		0	5·8	-4·2	19·1	30	-9·6
13 14	+12·3	-20·0		13 24	+12·1	-19·7		13 53	-3·8		34 +0·3	6·1	-4·3	20·1	32	-10·0
13 34	+12·4	-19·9		13 44	+12·2	-19·6		14 16	-3·7		60 +0·2	6·3	-4·4	21·0	34	-10·3
13 55	+12·5	-19·8		14 06	+12·3	-19·5		14 39	-3·6		80 +0·1	6·6	-4·5	22·0	36	-10·6
14 17	+12·6	-19·7		14 29	+12·4	-19·4		15 03	-3·5	May 8–May 23		6·9	-4·6	22·9	38	-10·8
14 41	+12·7	-19·6		14 53	+12·5	-19·3		15 29	-3·4	June 25–July 10		7·2	-4·7	23·9		
15 05	+12·8	-19·5		15 18	+12·6	-19·2		15 56	-3·3		°	7·5	-4·8	24·9	40	-11·1
15 31	+12·9	-19·4		15 45	+12·7	-19·1		16 25	-3·2		0	7·9	-4·9	26·0	42	-11·4
15 59	+13·0	-19·3		16 13	+12·8	-19·0		16 55	-3·1		29 +0·3	8·2	-5·0	27·1	44	-11·7
16 27	+13·1	-19·2		16 43	+12·9	-18·9		17 27	-3·0		51 +0·2	8·5	-5·1	28·1	46	-11·9
16 58	+13·2	-19·1		17 14	+13·0	-18·8		18 01	-2·9		83 +0·1	8·8	-5·2	29·2	48	-12·2
17 29	+13·2	-19·1		17 47	+13·0	-18·8		18 27	-2·9							

Illustration 3: Altitude correction tables for Sun, stars & planets - Dip table

## For the sun

The correction is a combination of refraction, semi-diameter and parallax.

## For stars and planets

Basically, the correction is the refraction correction, and depending on the date, additional corrections might be required for Venus and Mars for parallax and phase.

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## For the moon

The tables are divided two parts.

- **The first part** is a tabulated correction, which is the combination of refraction, semi-diameter and parallax for the lower limb, so if the altitude of the moon is taken from the upper limb, then  $30'$  must be subtracted.
- **The second part** is the correction for variations in semi-diameter and parallax, depending on the horizontal parallax

ALTITUDE CORRECTION TABLES 0°								
App. Alt.	0°–4°	5°–9°	10°–14°	15°–19°	20°–24°	25°–29°	30°–34°	App. Alt.
0	34·5	58·2	10 62·1	15 62·8	20 62·2	25 60·8	30 58·9	00
10	36·5	58·5	62·2	62·8	62·2	60·8	58·8	10
20	38·3	58·7	62·2	62·8	62·1	60·7	58·8	20
30	40·0	58·9	62·3	62·8	62·1	60·7	58·7	30
40	41·5	59·1	62·3	62·8	62·0	60·6	58·6	40
50	42·9	59·3	62·4	62·7	62·0	60·6	58·5	50
1	44·2	6	11 62·4	16 62·7	21 62·0	26 60·5	31 58·5	00
10	45·4	59·7	62·4	62·7	61·9	60·4	58·4	10
20	46·5	59·9	62·5	62·7	61·9	60·4	58·3	20
30	47·5	60·0	62·5	62·7	61·9	60·3	58·2	30
40	48·4	60·2	62·5	62·7	61·8	60·3	58·2	40
50	49·3	60·3	62·6	62·7	61·8	60·2	58·1	50
2	50·1	7	12 62·6	17 62·7	22 61·7	27 60·1	32 58·0	00
10	50·8	60·6	62·6	62·6	61·7	60·1	57·9	10
20	51·5	60·7	62·6	62·6	61·6	60·0	57·8	20
30	52·2	60·9	62·7	62·6	61·6	59·9	57·8	30
40	52·8	61·0	62·7	62·6	61·6	59·9	57·7	40
50	53·4	61·1	62·7	62·6	61·5	59·8	57·6	50
3	53·9	8	13 62·7	18 62·5	23 61·5	28 59·7	33 57·5	00
10	54·4	61·2	62·7	62·5	61·4	59·7	57·4	10
20	55·3	61·5	62·8	62·5	61·3	59·5	57·3	30
30	55·7	61·6	62·8	62·4	61·3	59·5	57·2	40
40	56·1	61·6	62·8	62·4	61·2	59·4	57·1	50
00	56·4	9	14 62·8	19 62·4	24 61·2	29 59·3	34 57·0	00
10	56·8	61·8	62·8	62·4	61·1	59·3	56·9	10
20	57·1	61·9	62·8	62·3	61·1	59·2	56·9	20
30	57·4	61·9	62·8	62·3	61·0	59·1	56·8	30
40	57·7	62·0	62·8	62·3	61·0	59·1	56·7	40
50	58·0	62·1	62·8	62·2	60·9	59·0	56·6	50
HP	L U	L U	L U	L U	L U	L U	L U	HP
54·0	0·3 0·9	0·3 0·9	0·4 1·0	0·5 1·1	0·6 1·2	0·7 1·3	0·9 1·5	54·0
54·3	0·7 1·1	0·7 1·2	0·8 1·2	0·8 1·3	0·9 1·4	1·1 1·5	1·2 1·7	54·3
54·6	1·1 1·4	1·1 1·4	1·1 1·4	1·2 1·5	1·3 1·6	1·4 1·7	1·5 1·8	54·6
54·9	1·4 1·6	1·5 1·6	1·5 1·6	1·6 1·7	1·6 1·8	1·8 1·9	1·9 2·0	54·9
55·2	1·8 1·8	1·8 1·8	1·9 1·8	1·9 1·9	2·0 2·0	2·1 2·1	2·2 2·2	55·2
55·5	2·2 2·0	2·2 2·0	2·3 2·1	2·3 2·1	2·4 2·2	2·4 2·3	2·5 2·4	55·5
55·8	2·6 2·2	2·6 2·2	2·6 2·3	2·7 2·3	2·7 2·4	2·8 2·4	2·9 2·5	55·8

Illustration 4: Altitude correction table for the Moon

You find HP (horizontal parralax) in the daily page at the selected time in Moon part.

Apparent  
altitude (°)

Apparent  
altitude (')

HP : horizontal  
parallax  
L : Lower limb  
U : Upper Limb

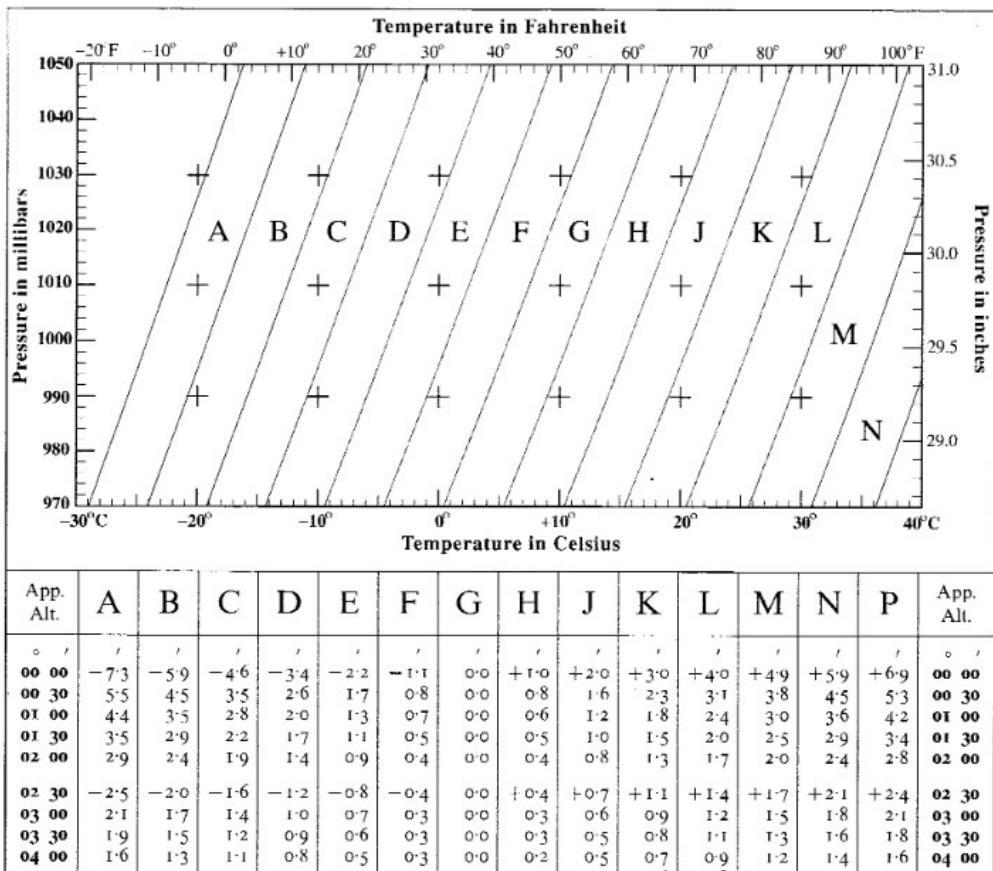
**Additional correction for refraction****A4 ALTITUDE CORRECTION TABLES—ADDITIONAL CORRECTIONS  
ADDITIONAL REFRACTION CORRECTIONS FOR NON-STANDARD CONDITIONS**

Illustration 5: Additional altitude correction table

**Altitude correction / methodology**

<b>hs</b>	
	+ IC
	+ Dip
<b>ha</b>	
	+Alt. Main correction
	-30' for upper limb(Moon)
	+U,L, correction for Moon
	+Additionnal correction for Planet
	+Additional refraction correction (non standard Temp/pressure)
<b>ho</b>	

} Only for the moon

} Only for planet

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A. Charbonnel	<b>ALTITUDE CORRECTION &amp; NAUTICAL ALMANAC</b>	5/7

## EXAMPLES

### Example 1 - Sun altitude

The sextant altitudes were taken October 26, 1981; index error  $1.2'$  on the arc; height of eye 15.0 meters ; temperature  $29^\circ$ ; pressure 980 mb; and Sun's lower limb altitude  $40^\circ 25.0'$ .  
Find the observed altitude of the sun.

<b>hs</b>	<b>40° 25,0'</b>	
+ IC	-1,2'	(on the arc)
+ Dip	-6,8'	(h.e.15m)
<b>ha</b>	<b>40° 17,0'</b>	
+Alt. Main correction	+15,1'	
-30' for upper limb (Moon)		
+U,L, correction for Moon		
+Additionnal correction for Venus		
+Additional refraction correction (non standard Temp/pressure)	+0,1'	(temp. $29^\circ\text{C}$ , pressure 980mb)
<b>ho</b>	<b>40° 32,2'</b>	

### Example 2 : Moon altitude

The sextant altitudes  $30^\circ 09.5'$  of the moon's upper limb were taken at 1100 UT on October 23, 1981 in latitude  $50^\circ\text{N}$ ; index error  $1.8'$  on the arc ; height of eye 18 meters; temperature  $15^\circ\text{C}$  ; pressure 960mb.

Find the observed altitude of the moon.

<b>hs</b>	<b>30°09,5'</b>	
+ IC	-1,8'	(on the arc)
+ Dip	-7,5'	(h.e.18m)
<b>ha</b>	<b>30°00,2'</b>	
+Alt. Main correction	+ 58,9'	
-30' for upper limb (Moon)	- 30,0'	(Upper limb)
+U,L, correction for Moon	+ 2,7'	(Upper limb, HP 56,1' read in daily pages October 23 at 11 :00 for the moon)
+Additionnal correction for Venus		
+Additional refraction correction (non standard Temp/pressure)	+0,1'	(temp. $15^\circ\text{C}$ , pressure 960mb)
<b>ho</b>	<b>30°31,9'</b>	

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A. Charbonnel	ALTITUDE CORRECTION & NAUTICAL ALMANAC	6/7

### Example 3 : Moon altitude

The sextant altitude of the moon's lower limb were taken at 1700 UT on 15<sup>th</sup> July 1981 in latitude 42°N ; index error 1.3' off the arc; height of eye 20 meters ; temperature 25°C ; pressure 1020 mb. Sextant altitude is 15°28'.

Find the true altitude of the moon

<b>hs</b>	<b>15°28,0''</b>	
+ IC	+ 1,3'	(off the arc)
+ Dip	- 7,9'	(h.e.20 m)
<b>ha</b>	<b>15°21,4'</b>	
+Alt. Main correction	+ 62,8'	
-30' for upper limb (Moon)		(lower limb)
+U,L, correction for Moon	+ 1,9'	(Lower limb, HP 55,2')
+Additionnal correction for Venus		
+Additional refraction correction (non standard Temp/pressure)	+ 0,2'	(temp. 29°C, pressure 980mb)
<b>ho</b>	<b>16° 26,3'</b>	

### Example 4 : Star altitude

The sextant altitude 45°27.4' of Star Bellatrix was taken October 26, 1981; index error 1.2' on the arc; height of eye 15.0 meters ; standard atmospheric conditions.

Find the true altitude of Bellatrix

<b>hs</b>	<b>45°27.4'</b>	
+ IC	- 1,2'	(on the arc)
+ Dip	- 6,8'	(h.e.15m)
<b>ha</b>	<b>45°19,4'</b>	
+Alt. Main correction	- 1,0'	
-30' for upper limb (Moon)		
+U,L, correction for Moon		
+Additionnal correction for Venus		
+Additional refraction correction (non standard Temp/pressure)	0'	(standard pression & temperature)
<b>ho</b>	<b>45° 18,4'</b>	

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### Example 5 : Venus altitude

On 15<sup>th</sup> April 1981, the sextant altitude of Venus 37°46.8' was taken ; index error 1.5' on the arc ; height of eye 15.0 meters ; standard atmospheric conditions.

Find the true altitude of Venus.

<b>hs</b>	<b>37°46,8'</b>	
+ IC	- 1,5'	
+ Dip	- 6,8'	(h.e.15m)
<b>ha</b>	<b>37°38,5'</b>	
+Alt. Main correction	- 1,3'	
-30' for upper limb (Moon)		
+U,L, correction for Moon		
+Additionnal correction for Venus	+ 0,1'	
+Additional refraction correction (non standard Temp/pressure)	0'	(standard atmospheric condition)
	<b>37°37,3'</b>	

## RESSOURCES

### Sources

<http://shipofficer.com/so/wp-content/uploads/2015/02/17.-Altitude.pdf>

### Illustrations

ILLUSTRATION	
Illustration 1: Observed, apparent and sextant altitude	Extract from power point US power squadrons – Junior Navigation – chapter 4 slide show
Illustration 2: Dip table	Nautical Almanac
Illustration 3: Altitude correction tables for Sun, stars & planets - Dip table	Nautical Almanac
Illustration 4: Altitude correction table for the Moon	Nautical Almanac
Illustration 5: Additional altitude correction table	Nautical Almanac

